# ĐỀ THI OLYMPIC CÁC TRƯỜNG THPT TÂY NAM NĂM HỌC 2017 – 2018

Môn: Tiếng Anh - Lớp 11

Thời gian làm bài: 120 phút

**Circle the word that has the underlined part pronounced differently from the others.**

1. A. condition B. option **C. suggestion** D. relation
2. A. shrine B. ripe **C. exhibition** D. polite
3. A. athlete B. appreciate **C. reward** D. freestyle
4. **A. massage** B. carriage C. voyage D. message

**Circle the word that has main stress placed differently from the others.**

5. **A. intelligent** B. politics C. hospitable D. maintenance
6. A. picturesque **B. participate** C. volunteer D. understand
7. **A. agriculture** B. longevity C. environment D. establishment
8. A. fertilizer **B. interference** C. favourite D. offspring

**Circle the word or phrase that best completes the sentence.**

9. In some countries there have been widespread demands for the _____ of seal hunting.
   A. extinction B. disappearance **C. abolition** D. establishment
10. My parents lent me the money. _____, I couldn't have afforded the trip.
   A. Only if **B. Otherwise** C. However D. Therefore
11. _____ saying was so important that I asked everyone to stop talking and listen.
   **A. What the woman was** B. That the woman was
   C. The woman was D. What was the woman
12. I am too busy with my chemistry homework _____ time to go out for a walk.
   A. that I have no **B. to have** C. to have no D. I haven't got
13. We will send an E-mail to_____ you the result of the interview if you are chosen.
   A. hold **B. inform** C. design D. store
14. Overharvesting brought North American alligators to the _____ of extinction in their natural habitats.
   A. edge **B. brink** C. place D. world
15. My English teacher, Mrs Ha, was the one _____ I had great respect.
   A. that B. whom C. for who **D. for whom**
16. So thick and rich _____ that the farmers there were unable to force a plow through it.
   A. as the soil B. the soil was **C. was the soil** D. that the soil
17. Such questions provide a useful means of _____ students' interest.
   A. expressing B. solving **C. stimulating** D. providing
18. _____ I live only a few blocks from work, I walk to work and enjoy it.
   **A. Now that** B. Due to C. Although D. hence
19. The garden is very _____ planted, leaving little opportunity for weeds to get established.
   A. wastefully B. perfectly **C. densely** D. completely
20. It's time governments _____ something to limit population growth.
   A. do **B. did** C. have done D. will do
21. _____ been diverted, they would have arrived early.
   **A. Had the plane not** B. Hadn't the plane

C. The plane had not D. The plane not had

22. Drive the car _____ not to cause any accident, my boy!
A. enough carefully **B. carefully enough**
C. enough careful D. enough care

23. He apologized _____ able to finish the project on time.
A. his colleagues not being B. his colleagues for not being
C. his colleagues not to be **D. to his colleagues for not being**

24. _____ have they experienced such a marvelous journey.
A. Not until **B. Never before** C. No longer D. Not even

25. Mary's father approved of _____ in the United States for another year in order to work toward her M.A.
A. her to stay B. she to say C. she staying **D. her staying**

26. We received thousands of letters, _____ asked for an omnibus of the drama.
A. half of them B. half of that **C. half of which** D. half of whom

27. In Florida, the temperature drops below freezing only _____.
A. eager beaver B. now and forever
**C. once in a blue moon** D. a short fuse

28. You are late apain - please try to be_____ in future.
A. accurate B. efficient **C. punctual** D. reliable

29. Alan and Susie _____ an argument. They're not speaking to each other.
**A. must have had** B. might have C. must have D. might had

30. When Arthur said that Donna couldn't be trusted, he really _____.
A. held his horse B. tied the knot
C. got his walking paper **D. hit the nail on the head**

**Circle the word or phrase that needs correcting.**

31. One of (A) the most **(B) influence** newspapers in the U.S (C) is The New York Times, which is (D) widely distributed throughout the worlD.

32. A (A) basic knowledge of social studies, such as (B) history and geography, **(C) are** considered a basic part of the education of every (D) child.

33. Rainforests (A) are being cut and **(B) burning** at (C) such a speed that they will disappear (D) from the earth in the near future.

34. The legal **(A) age which** a person (B) is considered to (C) be an adult (D) is customarily 18

35. Since rats are (A) destructive and (B) may carry diseases, **(C) therefore many** cities try to exterminate (D) them.

**Circle the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the italic word(s).**

36. The whole family usually tries to gather at Christmas.
A. contact **B. assemble** C. relate D. communicate

37. The hotel staff are always well known for their friendliness and politeness.
A. efficiency **B. courtesy** C. cozy D. charm

38. Jan took many snapshots while on vacation in Europe.
A. notes B. gifts **C. photos** D. clothes

39. Carbohydrates are plentiful in nature where they serve as an immediate source of energy.
**A. abundant** B. obscure C. unstable D. reliable

**Circle the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s).**

40. The air is naturally contaminated by foreign matter such as plant pollens and dust. .

A. polluted **B. purified** C. filled D. concentrated

41. We strongly believe that he's innocent of the crime. We do not think that he did it.

A. crimeless B. skillful C. clean **D. guilty**

42. She was brought up in a well – off family. She can't understand the problems we are facing.

**A. poor** B. broke C. wealthy D. kind

43. The most important thing is to keep yourself occupied.

A. interested B. comfortable C. possessive **D. free**

**Circle the most suitable response to each of the following exchanges.**

44. "Waiter! I'd like the menu, please." – "……"

A. But I don't like B. Here are you, sir **C. Here you are, sir** D. Yes, thank you

45. "Oops! I'm sorry for stepping on your foot" – "_____."

**A. Never mind** B. You don't mind C. You're welcome D. That's fine

**Read the following passage and circle the word or phrase that bestfits each of the numbered blanks.**

What would happen if there were a serious nuclear accident? And an accident must be inevitable - sooner or (46) _____. Huge areas would be evacuated, and they could (47) _____ contaminated with radioactivity for years. If it happened in your (48) _____, you wouldn't get a penny in compensation. No insurance company covers nuclear risks. There are accidents. If the nuclear (49)_____ didn't keep them quiet, there would be a public outcry. Radioactivity causes cancer and may affect future generations. Next, nuclear waste. There is no technology for absolutely safe disposal. Some of this waste will remain active for thousands of years. Is that what you want to (50) _____ to your children? And their children's children? A reactor only lasts about 25 years. By the year 2000 we'll have 'retired' 26 reactors in the UK.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 46. A. better | B. earlier | **C. later** | D. worse |
| 47. **A. remain** | B. maintain | C. develop | D. happen |
| 48. A. career | B. environment | C. compartment | **D. area** |
| 49. A. industrial | **B. industry** | C. industrialize | D. industrious |
| 50. A. let | B. lose | **C. leave** | D. lead |

**Read the following passage and circle the correct answer to each of the questions.**

All mammals feed their young. Beluga whale mothers, for example, nurse their calves for some twenty months, until they are about to give birth again and their young are able to find their own food. The behavior of feeding of the young is built into the reproductive system. It is a nonelective part of parental care and the defining feature of a mammal, the most important thing that mammals-- whether marsupials, platy puses, spiny anteaters, or placental mammals -- have in common.

But not all animal parents, even those that **tend** their offspring to the point of hatching or birth, feed their young. Most egg-guarding fish do not, for the simple reason that their young are so much smaller than the parents and eat food that is also much smaller than the food eaten by adults. In reptiles,

the crocodile mother protects her young after they have hatched and takes them down to the water, where they will find food, but she does not actually feed them. Few insects feed their young after hatching, but some make other arrangement, **provisioning** their cells and nests with caterpillars and spiders that they have paralyzed with their venom and stored in a state of suspended animation so that their larvae might have a supply of fresh food when they hatch.

For animals other than mammals, then, feeding is not intrinsic to parental care. Animals add it to their reproductive strategies to give them an **edge** in their lifelong quest for descendants. The most vulnerable moment in any animal's life is when **it** first finds itself completely on its own, when it must forage and feed for itself. Feeding postpones that moment until a young animal has grown to such a size that **it** is better able to cope. Young that are fed by their parents become nutritionally independent at a much greater fraction of their full adult size. And in the meantime those young are **shielded** against the vagaries of fluctuating of difficult-to-find supplies. Once a species does take the step of feeding its young, the young become totallydependent on the extra effort. If both parents are removed, the young generally do no survive.

51. What does the passage mainly discuss?

**A. The care that various animals give to their offspring.**

B. The difficulties young animals face in obtaining food.

C. The methods that mammals use to nurse their young.

D. The importance among young mammals of becoming independent.

52. The author lists various animals in the first paragraph to

A. contrast the feeding habits of different types of mammals

B. describe the process by which mammals came to be defined

**C. emphasize the point that every type of mammal feeds its own young**

D. explain why a particular feature of mammals is nonelective

53. The word **"tend"** is closest in meaning to

A. sit on B. move C. notice **D. care for**

54. What can be inferred from the passage about the practice of animal parents feeding their young?

A. It is unknown among fish. B. It is unrelated to the size of the young.

C. It is dangerous for the parents. **D. It is most common among mammals.**

55. The word **"provisioning"** is closest in meaning to

**A. supplying** B. preparing C. building D. expanding

56. According to the passage, how do some insects make sure their young have food?

**A. By storing food near their young.**

B. By locating their nests or cells near spiders and caterpillars.

C. By searching for food some distance from their nest.

D. By gathering food from a nearby water source.

57. The word **"edge"** is closest in meaning to

A. opportunity **B. advantage** C. purpose D. rest

58. The word **"it"** in paragraph 3 refers to

A. feeding B. moment **C. young animal** D. size

59. According to the passage, animal young are most defenseless when

A. their parents are away searching for food

B. their parents have many young to feed

C. they are only a few days old

**D. they first become independent**

60. The word **"shielded"** is closest in meaning to

A. raised **B. protected** C. hatched D. valued

**Read the following passage and circle the correct answer to each of the questions**

Of all modern instruments, the violin is apparently one of the simplest. It consists in essence of a hollow, varnished wooden sound box, or **resonator**, and a long neck, covered with a fingerboard, along which four strings are stretched at high tension. The beauty of design, shape, and decoration is no accident: the proportions of the instrument are determined almost entirely by acoustical considerations. Its simplicity of appearance is deceptive. About 70 parts are involved in the construction of a violin, Its tone and its outstanding range of expressiveness make it an ideal **solo** instrument. No less important; however, is its role as an orchestral and chamber instrument. In combination with the larger and deeper-sounding members of the same family, the violins form the nucleus of the modern symphony orchestra.

The violin has been in existence since about 1550. Its importance as an instrument in its own right dates from the early 1600's, when it first became **standard** in Italian opera orchestras. Its stature as an orchestral instrument was raised further when in 1626 Louis XIII of France established at his court the orchestra known as Les vinq-quatre violons du Roy (The King's 24 Violins), which was to become widely famous later in the century.

In its early history, the violin had a dull and rather quiet tone resulting from the fact that the strings were thick and were attached to the body of the instrument very loosely. During the eighteenth and nineteenth century, exciting technical changes were inspired by such composer-violinists as Vivaldi and Tartini. Their instrumental compositions demanded a fuller, clearer, and more brilliant tone that was produced by using thinner strings and a far higher string tension. Small changes had to be made to the violin's internal structure and to the fingerboard so that **they** could withstand the extra **strain**. **Accordingly**, a higher standard of performance was achieved, in terms of both facility and interpretation. **Left-hand technique** was considerably elaborated, and new **fingering patterns** on the fingerboard were developed for very high notes.

61. The word **"standard"** is closest in meaning to _____

A. practical **B. customary** C. possible D. unusual

62. "The King's 24 Violins" is mentioned to illustrate _____

**A. how the violin became a renowned instrument**

B. the competition in the 1600's between French and Italian orchestras

C. the superiority of French violins

D. why the violin was considered the only instrument suitable to be played by royalty

63. What is the main idea presented in paragraph 3?

**A. The violin has been modified to fit its evolving musical functions.**

B. The violin is probably the best known and most widely distributed musical instrument in the world.

C. The violin had reached the height of its popularity by the middle of the eighteenth century.

D. The technique of playing the violin has remained essentially the same since the 1600's.

64. The author mentions Vivaldi and Tartini as examples of composers whose music _____

A. inspired more people to play the violin B. had to be adapted to the violin

**C. demanded more sophisticated violins** D. could be played only by their students

65. The word **"they"**refers to _____

A. Civaldi and Tartini B. thinner strings and a higher string tension

C. small changes **D. internal structure and fingerboard**

66. The word **"strain"** is closest in meaning to _____

A. struggle B. strength C. strategy **D. stress**

67. According to the passage, early violins were different from modern violins in that early violins _____

A. were heavier B. broke down more easily

**C. produced softer tones** D. were easier to play

68. According to the passage, which of the following contributes to a dull sound being produced by a violin?

A. A long fingerboard B. A small body

C. High string tension **D. Thick strings**

69. Which of the following terms is defined in the passage?

**A. resonator** B. solo C. left-hand technique D. fingering patterns

70. All of the following are mentioned in the passage as contributing to the ability to play modern violin music EXCEPT

A. more complicated techniques for the left hand

B. different ways to use the fingers to play very high notes

**C. use of rare wood for the fingerboard and neck**

D. minor alterations to the structure of the instrument

**Complete the passage with ONE suitable for each blank.**

The 2018 Winter Olympics, officially (71) _____ as the XXIII Olympic Winter Games and commonly known as PyeongChang 2018, was a major international winter multi-sport event held between 9 and 25 February 2018 in South Korea. This was the first time that South Korea had hosted the Winter Olympics and the second Olympics held in the (72) _____ overall, after the 1988 Summer Olympics in Seoul. It was the third time that an East Asian country had hosted the Winter Games, after Sapporo (1972) and Nagano (1998), (73) _____ in Japan. The games featured 102 events in fifteen sports, Norway (74) _____ the total medal tally with 39, followed by Germany's 31 and Canada's 29. Host nation South Korea (75) _____ seventeen medals, their highest medal haul at a Winter Olympics.

71. _____ **KNOWN**

72. _____ **COUNTRY/ NATION**

73. _____ **BOTH**

74. _____ **LED**

75. _____ **WON**

**Complete each of the sentences with an appropriate preposition.**

76. The government is thinking of bringing _____ a law to prohibit the killing of endangered animals.

77. If you carry on spending money like that, you'll end _____ in debt.

78. I love watching the small fish swimming _____ in the tank.

79. A total of 92 teams qualified _____ least one athlete to compete in the Games

80. Rock carving suggest that Stone Age people were hunting whales _____ food as early as 2200 B.C

**76. IN 77. UP 78. ABOUT 79. AT 80. FOR**

**Complete these sentences with the correct form of the word.**

81. The factory was fined for _____ chemicals into the river. **CHARGE**
82. My life was greatly _____ by knowing her. **RICH**
83. It's important for the developed countries to reduce energy _____as much as possible. **CONSUME**
84. Please enclose £15.99, plus £2 for _____. **POST**
85. She sent them a present to express her _____ **GRATEFUL**

**81. DISCHARGING 82. ENRICHED 83. CONSUMPTION**
**84. POSTAGE 85. GRATITUDE**

**Finish the second sentence so that it means the same as the first one.**

86. She didn't know where the theater was, so she asked for directions at the hotel reception.
Not until she asked for directions at the hotel reception, did she know where the theatre was.
87. Carol didn't answer the phone because she was studying.
If Carol hadn't been studying she would have answered the phone.
88. She refuse to answer, which was disappointing.
Her refusal to answer was disappointing.
89. Tom arrived late and started complaining.
Not only did Tom arrive late, but he started complaining.
90. "That's a lovely new dress, Jean" said her mother.
Jean's mother complimented Jean on her lovely new dress.
91. They think the owner of the house is abroad.
The owner of the house is thought to be abroad.
92. The news was wonderful that she decided to have a celebration.
It was such a wonderful news that she decided to have celebration.
93. He suddenly thought that he might have misunderstood her.
It crossed his mind that he might have misunderstood her.

**Complete the second sentence in such a way that it is closest in meaning to the first sentence. Use the word given in bold. Do not change the word given.**

94. It's not my habit to get up quite so early as this. **USED**
I am not used to getting up quite so early like this.
95. Has she written to you lately? **HEARD**
Has you heard form her lately?
96. The Prime Minister resigned because of his sudden illness. **RESULTED**
The Prime Minister's resignation resulted from his sudden illness.
97. It is not worth trying to save endangered species. **WASTE**
It is a waste of time trying to save endangered species.
98. They sent him to prison for three years. **SENTENCED**
He was sentenced to three years in prison/ three years' imprisonment

99. The train is 5 minutes late in leaving. **DUE**
The train was due to leave 5 minutes ago.
100. Did you see Alice at the party last night? **CATCH**
Did you catch sight of Alice at the party last night?

***--- THE END ---***